

Monitoring & Evaluation of National Cancer Control Programme



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National Cancer Control Programme
Ministry of Health



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கட்டுப்படுத்துவதற்குமான தேசியக்
கொள்கை மற்றும் தந்திரோபாய
உருவரைச் சட்டகம் - இலங்கை 2015

NATIONAL POLICY & STRATEGIC
FRAMEWORK ON CANCER PREVENTION &
CONTROL - SRI LANKA 2015

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MINISTRY OF HEALTH, NUTRITION & INDIGENOUS MEDICINE - SRI LANKA
சுகாதார, पोषण, சுதேச வைத்திய அமைச்சு - இலங்கை

Vision

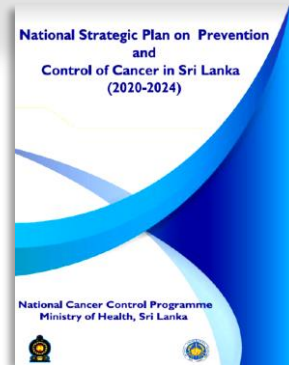
'A country with a low incidence of preventable cancers and high survival rates with good quality of life and minimal disabilities & suffering from effects of cancers'

Mission

'To reduce the incidence of cancers by controlling and combating determinants of cancers, ensuring early detection and providing a holistic and accessible continuum of cancer care which address curative treatment options to end of life care through an evidence-based approach'

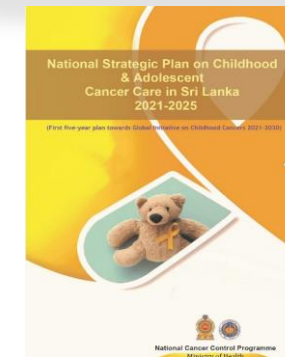
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National Strategic Plan on Prevention & Control of Cancers, 2020 - 2024



2

National Strategic Plan on Childhood & Adolescent Cancer Care, 2021-2025



3

National Strategic Framework for Palliative Care Development, 2019-2023



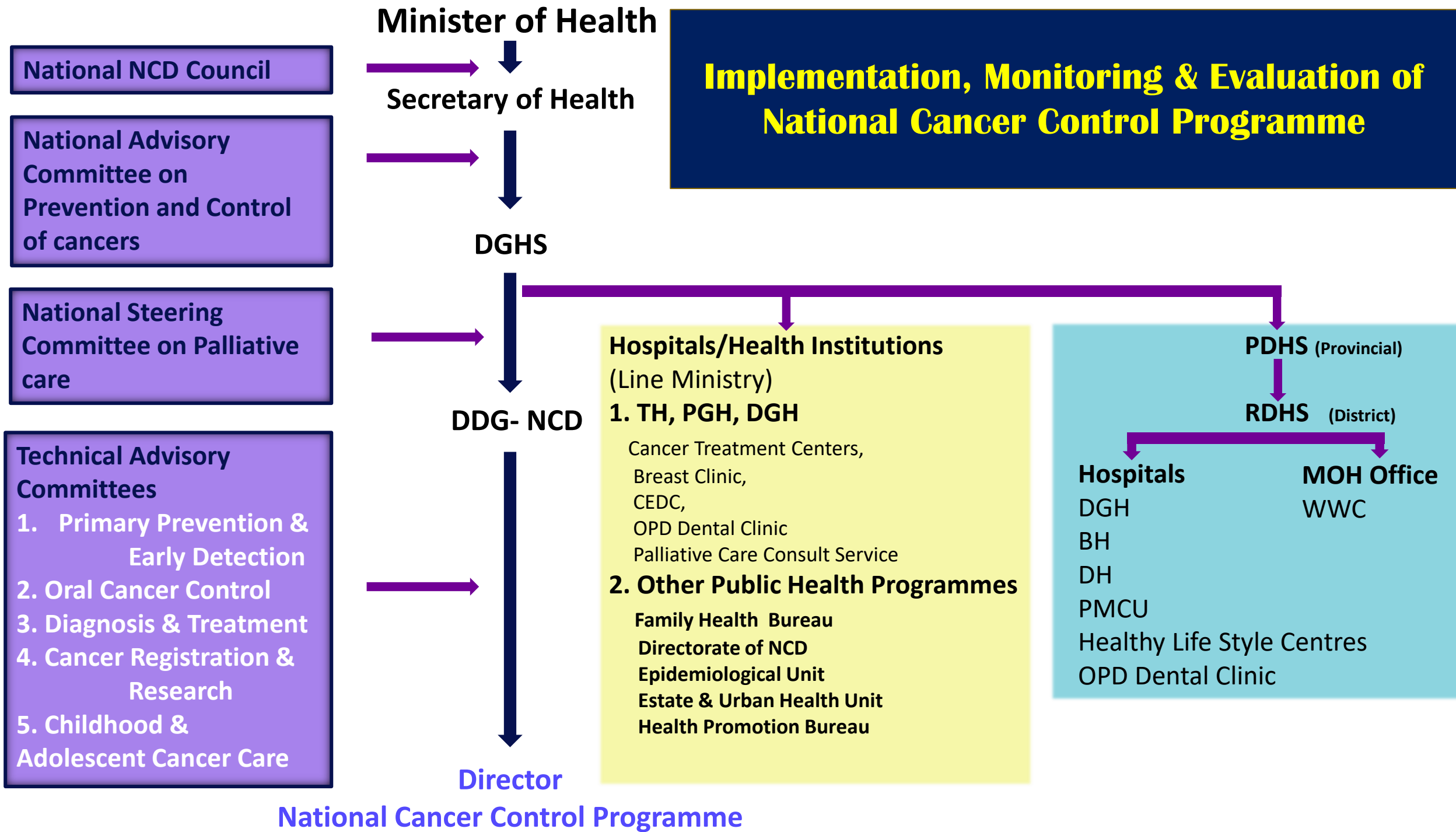
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National Strategic Plan to Reach the Interim Targets of Cervical Cancer Elimination, 2021-2030

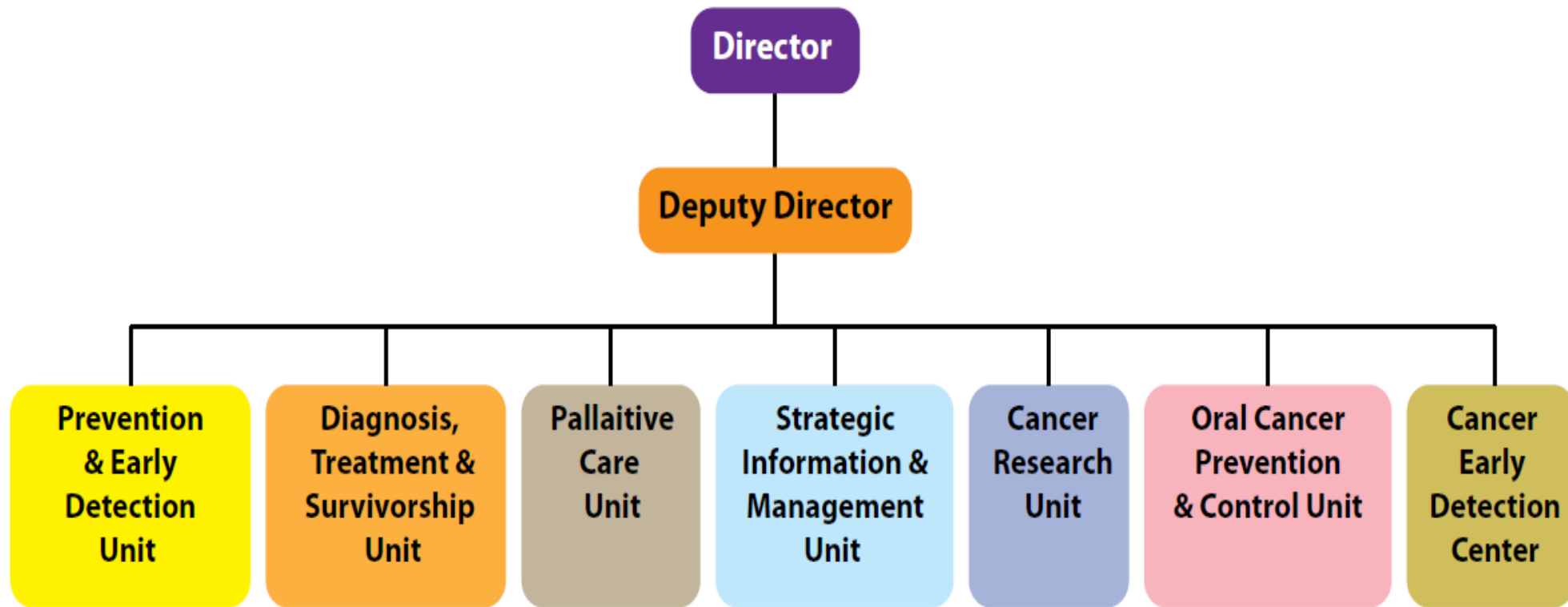


National Strategic Plan on Prevention & Control of Cancers (2020-2024)





Organogram of the National Cancer Control Programme



Activity Plan for Prevention & Control of Cancers in Sri Lanka 2020 - 2024

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2	Strategic Objective 1: High level political leadership, advocacy and governance to accelerate the national response for prevention and control of cancer with a robust integrated, coordinated multi-sectoral, multi- disciplinary national plan								
3	Strategy 1 – Leadership, advocacy & Governance								
4	Major activities	Sub activities	Responsibility	2020	2021	2022	2023		
5	Strategic Direction 1.1	Providing highest political leadership to prevention and control of cancer as a national development challenge embracing a multisectoral approach							
6	1.1.1. Harness political leadership to address prevention and control of cancer as a national development issue which needs a “whole of Government” and a “whole of society” approach	Advocate for “Health in all Policies” to ensure multi-sectoral involvement for prevention and control of cancer	SH, Additional Secretaries, DGHS, DDG-NCD, DDG-DS, DDG-PHS-1&2, D-NCCP		X				
7		Prepare Financial Models for budgetary support and advocate for adequate financial allocation for National Cancer Prevention and Control Action Plan through Government budget and contributions of development partners	DGHS, Additional Secretaries, DDG-NCD, DDG-MS, DDG-LS, DDGDS, DDG- Finance MoH, D-NCCP	X	X				
8	1.1.2. Advocate to include prevention & Control of cancer to be taken up as an agenda item at the National Health Council chaired by Hon Prime Minister and NCD Council chaired by Hon Minister of Health	Ensure prevention and cancer is addressed in National Health Council & NCD Council	SH, DGHS, DDG-MS, DDGNCD, DDG- DS, D-NCCP	X	X				
9	Strategic Direction 1.2	Strengthen National Cancer Control Program for advocacy and good governance							
10	1.2.1. Strengthen planning coordination, M&E of cancer prevention and control activities at the NCCP	Appoint coordinators with TOR to ensure coordination of multisectoral, multidisciplinary interventions	DGHS & DDG-NCD, D-NCCP	X					
11	1.2.2. Strengthen National Advisory (NAC) Committee and other Technical Advisory Committees (TAC)	Allocate responsibilities as per TORs	SH, DGHS & DDG-NCD, D-NCCP	X	X	X	X	X	X
12	1.2.3. Advocate for creation of an enabling environment to sustain legislations, regulations already in place and initiate new laws when required	Quarterly meetings with law makers to monitor implementation of legislations, regulations on prevention and control of cancer	DGHS, DDG-NCD, DDGE&OH, Legal officer	X		X	X	X	X
13		Provide evidence for introduction of new laws and regulations related to food items, cosmetics and other consumables			X	X	X	X	X
14	1.2.4.Ensure availability of standardized care for all citizens across all levels of health services	Establish technical working groups to develop guidelines/ Protocols/SOP for early detection, diagnostics, treatment and care, survival, rehabilitation and palliative care	DDG-MS. DDG-DS. DDGNCD. D-NCCP	X	X	X			

Results Framework

Impact	Desired Outcomes		
1. 25% relative reduction of the premature mortality rate of cancers from the current level by 2025 (2015 -5.26%, Target for 2025 - 3.94%)	1. Strengthened national cancer control programme through leadership, advocacy & governance	5. Improved access & availability of survivorship, rehabilitation and palliative care facilities for patients with cancer at each level of care	
2. 25% increase of proportion of cancer patients who receive comprehensive palliative care services out of all cancer patients who require them by 2025.	2. Reduction of risk factors and determinants for cancers throughout the life-cycle.	6. Strengthened cancer information systems and surveillance to provide accurate and timely data for policy formulation, monitoring & evaluation of cancer control programme	
3. 5% relative reduction of annual increase of cancer incidence rate of preventable cancers (Cervical and Oral), from the current level by 2025	3. Increased early detection (screening and early diagnosis) of breast, cervical and oral cancers	7. Evidence generated for national policy and programme development	
	4. Improved diagnostic and treatment facilities for common cancers according to the levels of health care		

I. Strengthened National Cancer Control Programme through leadership, advocacy & governance

Level	Narrative Summary	Indicators	Means of Verification	Key Assumptions
Outcome 1	Strengthened National Cancer Control Programme through leadership, advocacy & governance	Availability of a written policy on Prevention & Control of Cancers and a National Strategic Plan (NSP). Activity Plan and a M&E Plan	NCCP Documents on NSP	
Output 1.1	NSP for prevention and control of cancers (2020-2024) is implemented.	Availability of a full-time team of staff led by the national cancer control programme manager at the Ministry of Health to plan, coordinate, monitor and evaluate the national response Availability of national human resources, medical devices and infrastructure plans	Annual report of NCCP	Required cadre approval, availability of human resources, availability of funds
Output 1.2	Improved multi-sectoral response for cancer control	Number of Government Ministries included prevention of NCDs including cancer in their policies	Reports of NCD council Mid- term and end term evaluation reports of NSP	'Health -in-all Policies' adopted by the relevant ministries
Output 1.3	Improved monitoring and evaluation of cancer control activities	Number of NAC meetings held per year out of planned Number of TAC meetings held per year out of planned	Minutes of the meetings	Relevant officials participated and decisions communicated to National NCD Council

Monitoring and Evaluation Indicators for Prevention and Control of Cancers in Sri Lanka 2020 - 2024



National Cancer Control Programme
Ministry of Health

Available on line at www.nccp.health.gov.lk

Cancer Registry as a M & E Tool



Information Pathway from Primary Care to Secondary Care/ Tertiary Care

(Patient Management+ Programme Management)(Individual/Aggregated)

Primary Care

Healthy Life Style Centre

Well Women Clinic

Dental Clinic

Primary Care Hospital
Palliative Care Services

Secondary/ Tertiary Care

Cancer Early Detection
Centre

Breast Clinic

Surgical Clinic

Gynaecology Clinic

OMF Unit

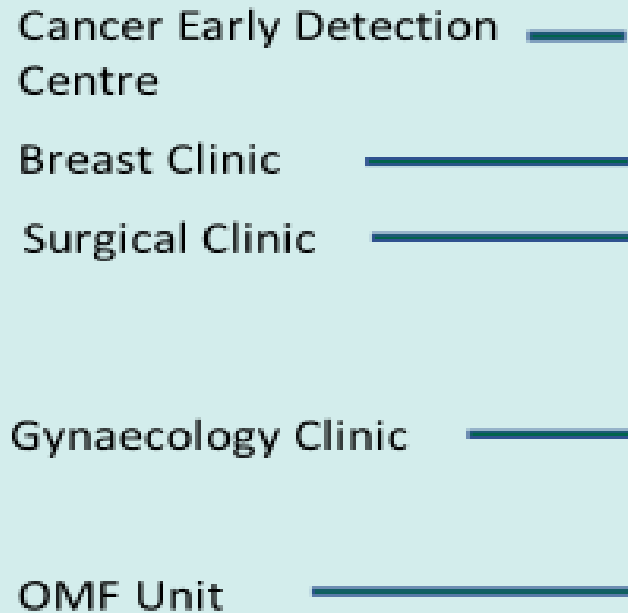
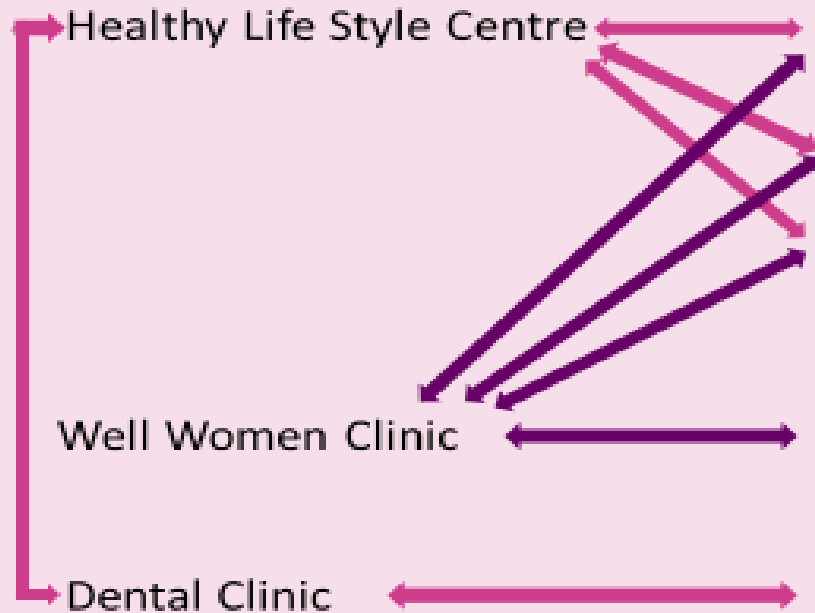
Pathology/
Haematology/
Oral Pathology
Laboratory

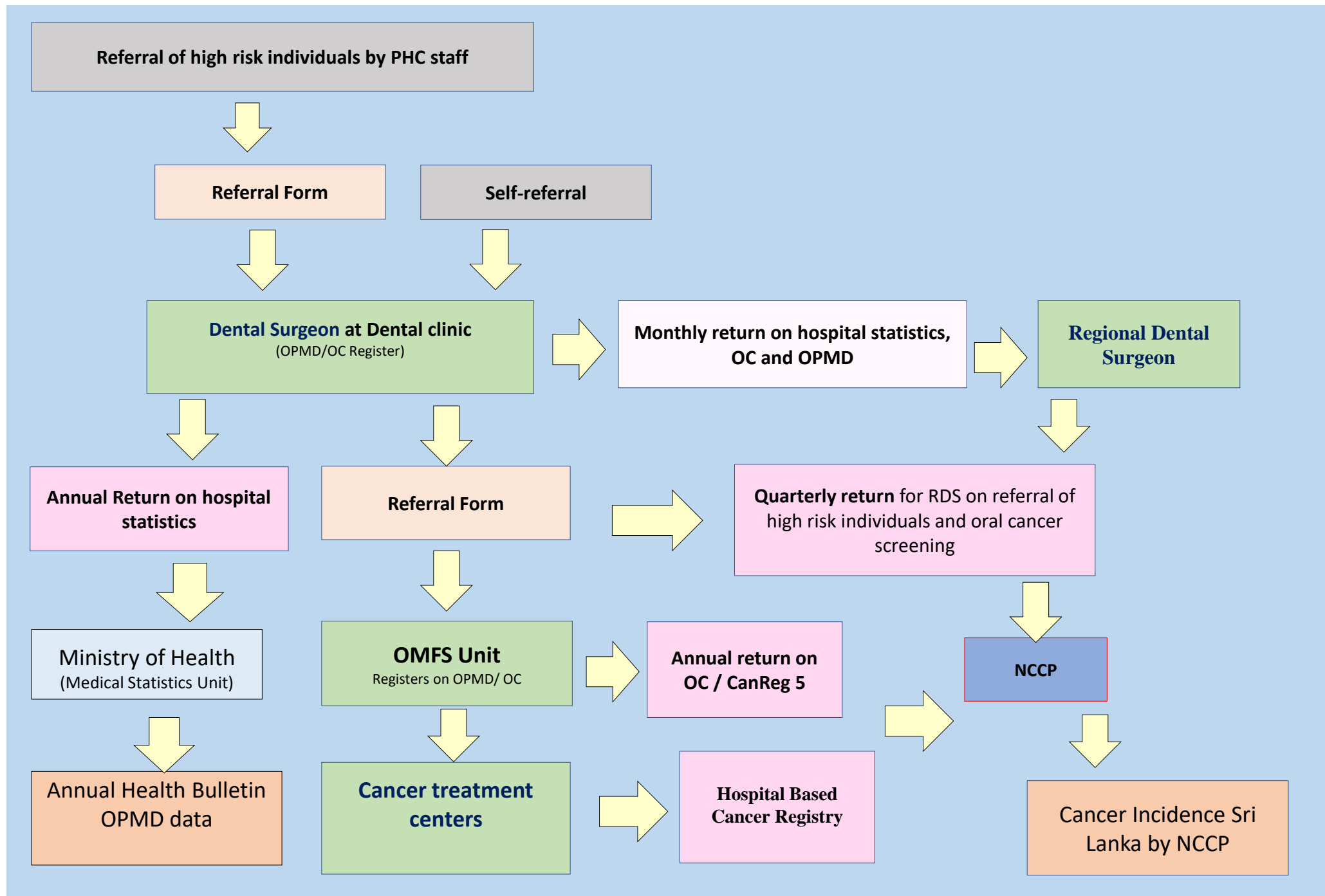
Follow up

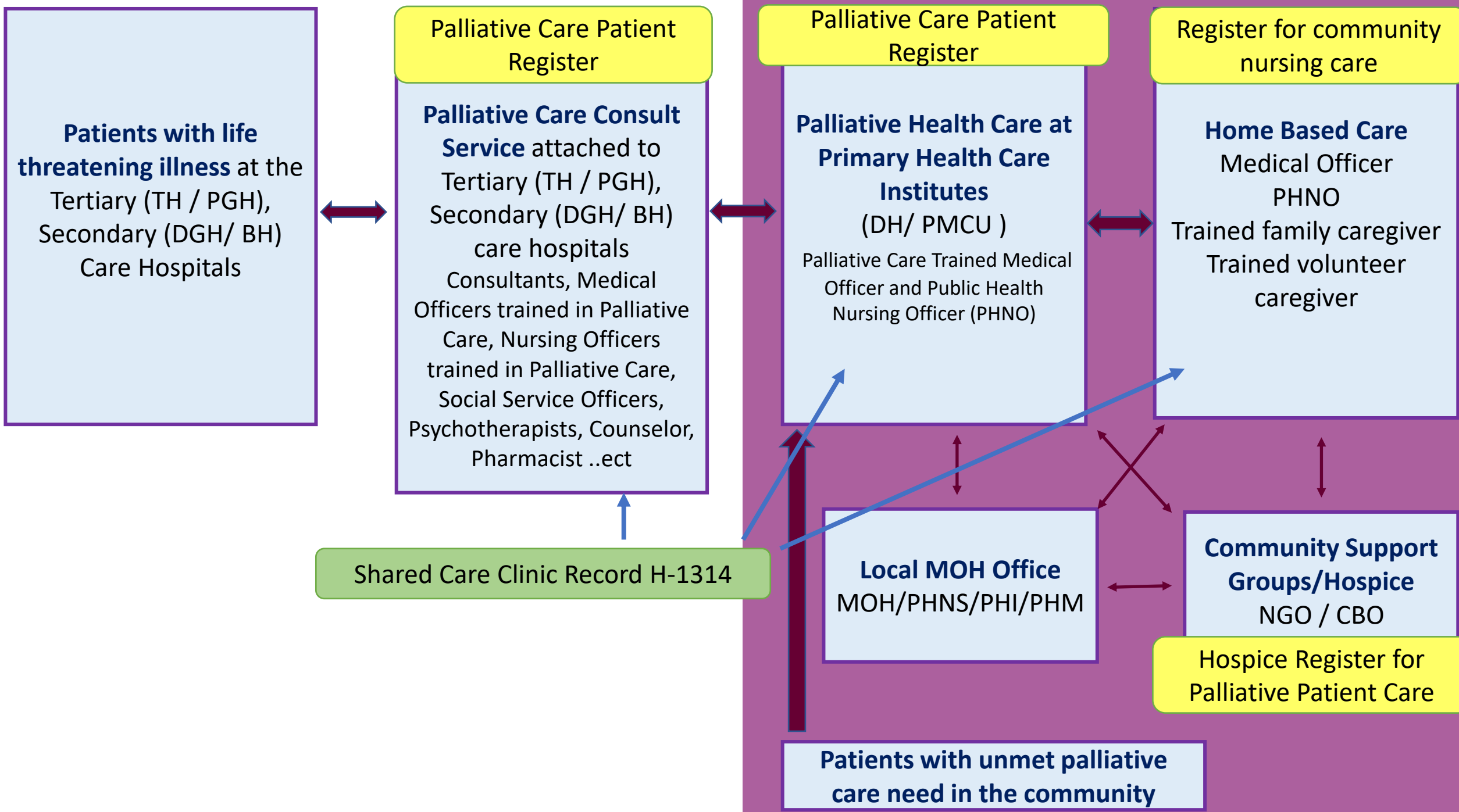
HBCR

- i) Core Module (Can Reg 5)
- ii) Extended Module

Palliative Care
Consult Services

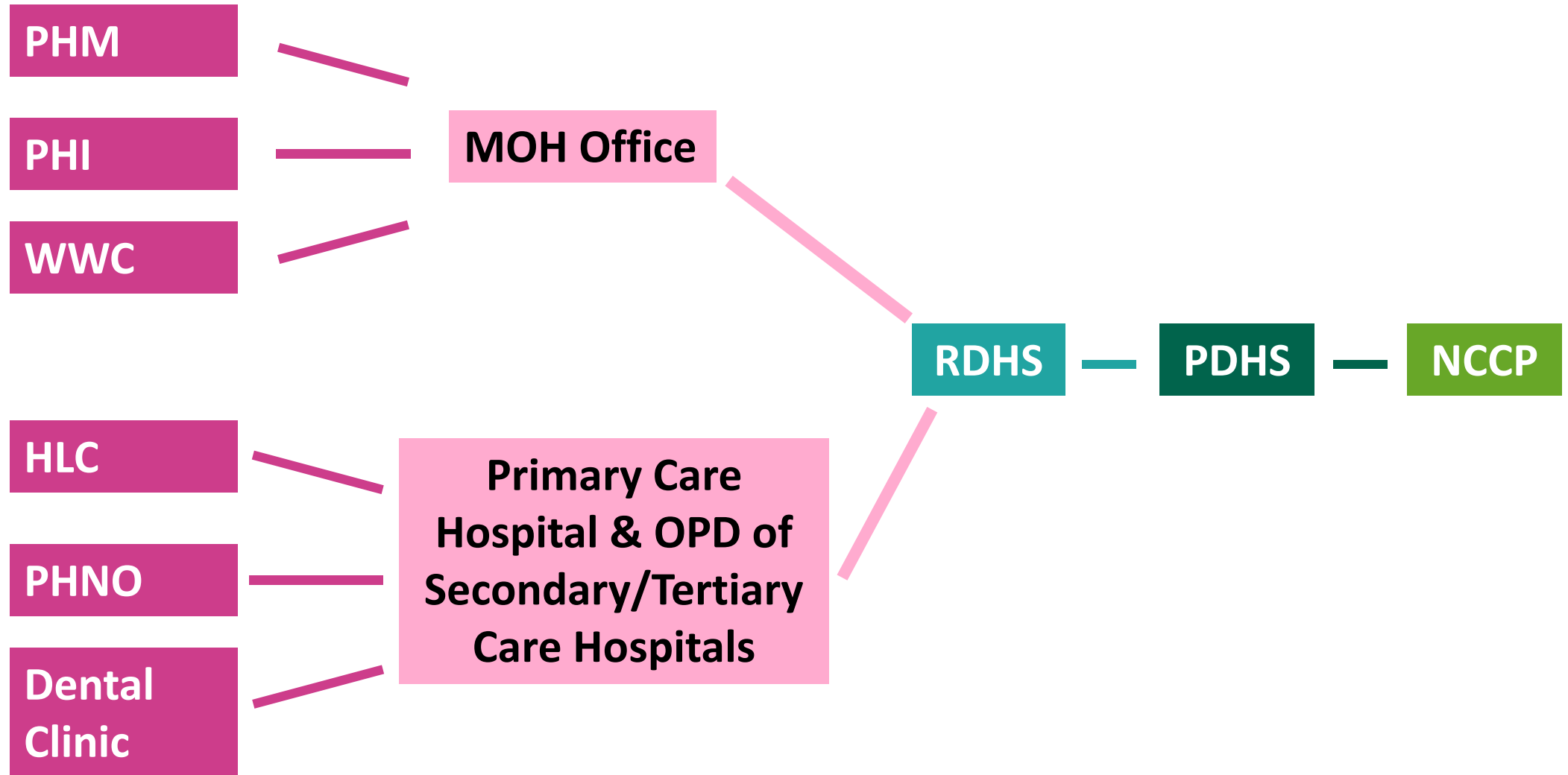






Public Health & Primary Care Information Pathway

(Programme Management)(Aggregated)



District Cancer Control Review, 2021 Ratnapura



**6th October 2021,
11.00 am to 1.00 pm**

The review meetings will be conducted as
a virtual meeting.



National Cancer Control Programme



Challenges	Solutions / suggestions
1 Lack of awareness on oral cancers and high risk behaviors (eg : beetle chewing)	Educate people about self examination Strengthen the health education system Take help from mass media for communicate about oral cancer
2 Late presentation	Improve referral system to tertiary care institutions Health education Training programs for health staff
3 Improve the post surgical care	Screening programs to rural setting for early detection Establish proper system to follow up post surgical cancer patients
4 Ward facilities & ICU facilities	Construction of OMF complex

