ANGOLA

CERVICAL CANCER PROFILE

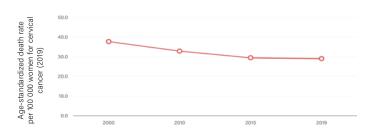
TOTAL POPULATION, FEMALE (2019): 16 080 000

TOTAL DEATHS.

FEMALE (2019): 104 000

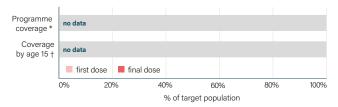
Morbidity and Mortality

Crude cervical cancer incidence per 100 000 women (2020):			
Age-standardized cervical cancer incidence			
per 100 000 women (2020):	37.6		
Cumulative risk of cervical cancer, ages 0-74 (2020):	4.2%		
Cervical cancer deaths (2019):	1 900		
Cervical cancer mortality-to-incidence ratio (2020):	0.61		
Population-based cancer registry exists (2021):	No		



Primary Prevention

HPV vaccination programme coverage among girls (2020)



HPV vaccination is not included in the national vaccination schedule

HPV vaccination programme (2020):

No		
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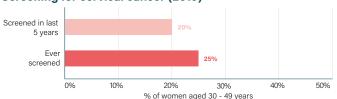
Related risk factors:

Tobacco use prevalence, women aged 15+ years (2020):	ND
Condom use at last high-risk sex (2016):	44%
HIV incidence per 1000, women aged 15+ years (2020):	1.32

Secondary Prevention

National screening programme	
for cervical cancer exists (2021):	No
Primary screening test used (2021):	-
Target age range of programme (2021):	-
Programme/guidelines exist to strengthen early detection	
of first symptoms at primary health care level (2021):	No
Clearly defined referral system exists from primary care	
to secondary and tertiary care (2021):	No

Screening for cervical cancer (2019)



2 in 10 women have been screened for cervical cancer in the last 5 years

Treatment and Supportive Care

National guidelines on cervical cancer management	
exist (2021):	No

Number of radiotherapy units per 10 000 cancer patients (2021):	1
Number of brachytherapy units per 10 000 cancer patients (2021):	<1

Cancer diagnosis and treatment services generally available (2021):

Cancer centre or cancer department at tertiary level:	res	
Pathology services (laboratories):	Yes	
Cancer surgery:	Yes	
Chemotherapy:	Yes	
Radiotherapy:	Yes	

Number of medical staff (per 10 000 cancer patients):

Radiation oncologists (2019):	ND
Medical physicists (2019):	ND
Surgeons (-):	ND
Radiologists (2019):	19
Nuclear medicine physicians (2019):	2

Palliative care for patients with NCDs in the public health system generally available (2021):

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In prima	ry health care facilities:						No
In comn	nunity or home-based ca	re:					No

Reported annual opioid consumption excluding methadone - in oral morphine equivalence per capita (2017):

WHO Cervical Cancer Elimination Strategy Targets for 2030

90% of girls fully vaccinated with the HPV vaccine by the age of 15

70% of women are screened with a high-performance test by 35 years of age and again by 45 years of age

90% of women identified with cervical disease receive treatment

ND = data not available

* Programme coverage: % of national target population (among 9-14-year-old girls) † Coverage by age 15: % of population turning 15 that have been vaccinated against HPV at any time between ages 9 to 14

See Explanatory Notes for indicator descriptions.