## Morbidity and Mortality

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Crude cervical cancer incidence per 100 000 women (2020)</td>
<td>10.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age-standardized cervical cancer incidence per 100 000 women (2020)</td>
<td>7.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative risk of cervical cancer, ages 0-74 (2020)</td>
<td>0.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cervical cancer deaths (2019)</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cervical cancer mortality-to-incidence ratio (2020)</td>
<td>0.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Population-based cancer registry exists (2021)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Primary Prevention

**HPV vaccination programme coverage among girls (2020)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Programme coverage *</th>
<th>No data</th>
<th></th>
<th>Coverage by age 15 †</th>
<th>77%</th>
<th>67%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Among girls turning 15 years old in 2020, 6 in 10 received their final HPV vaccination dose

**HPV vaccination programme (2020):**

- HPV included in national vaccination programme: Yes
- Scale of vaccination programme: National
- Year of introduction: 2011
- Primary target cohort: 12-14 years

**Related risk factors:**

- Tobacco use prevalence, women aged 15+ years (2020): 19%
- Condom use at last high-risk sex: ND
- HIV incidence per 1000, women aged 15+ years (2020): ND

## Secondary Prevention

- National screening programme for cervical cancer exists (2021): Yes
- Primary screening test used (2021): Cytology
- Target age range of programme (2021): 25-64 years
- Programme/guidelines exist to strengthen early detection of first symptoms at primary health care level (2021): Yes
- Clearly defined referral system exists from primary care to secondary and tertiary care (2021): No

Screening for cervical cancer (2019)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(% of women aged 30 - 49 years)</th>
<th>86%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

8 in 10 women have been screened for cervical cancer in the last 5 years

## Treatment and Supportive Care

- National guidelines on cervical cancer management exist (2021): Yes

- Cancer diagnosis and treatment services generally available (2021):
  - Cancer centre or cancer department at tertiary level: Yes
  - Pathology services (laboratories): Yes
  - Cancer surgery: Yes
  - Chemotherapy: Yes
  - Radiotherapy: Yes

Palliative care for patients with NCDs in the public health system generally available (2021):

- In primary health care facilities: Yes
- In community or home-based care: Yes

## WHO Cervical Cancer Elimination Strategy Targets for 2030

- 90% of girls fully vaccinated with the HPV vaccine by the age of 15
- 70% of women are screened with a high-performance test by 35 years of age and again by 45 years of age
- 90% of women identified with cervical disease receive treatment

ND = data not available

* Programme coverage: % of national target population (among 9-14-year-old girls)
† Coverage by age 15: % of population turning 15 that have been vaccinated against HPV at any time between ages 9 to 14

See Explanatory Notes for indicator descriptions.