CHINA

CERVICAL CANCER PROFILE

Morbidity and Mortality

Primary Prevention

no data

no data

0%

Programme

coverage * Coverage

by age 15 †

Crude cervical cancer incidence per 100 000 women (2020):	15.6	cal
Age-standardized cervical cancer incidence		eath rate or cervical
per 100 000 women (2020):	10.7	l deat n for 119)
Cumulative risk of cervical cancer, ages 0-74 (2020):	1.1%	dizec omei er (2(
Cervical cancer deaths (2019):	51 600	tandar 000 w cano
Cervical cancer mortality-to-incidence ratio (2020):	0.54	ge-star r 100 00 c
Population-based cancer registry exists (2021):	Yes	Agi per 1

HPV vaccination programme coverage among girls (2020)

40%

HPV vaccination is not included in the national vaccination schedule

60%

% of target population

80%

100%

TOTAL POPULATION, FEMALE (2019): 698 200 000

TOTAL DEATHS, FEMALE (2019): 4 134 000

2015

2019

ation was an an (0000).

2000

HPV vaccination programme (2020):	
HPV included in national vaccination programme:	No
Scale of vaccination programme:	-
Year of introduction:	-
Primary target cohort:	-

2010

Related risk factors:

0.0

11001/

Tobacco use prevalence, women aged 15+ years (2020)**:	2%
Condom use at last high-risk sex (-):	ND
HIV incidence per 1000, women aged 15+ years (2020):	ND

Secondary Prevention

📕 first dose 📕 final dose

20%

National screening programme	
for cervical cancer exists (2021):	Yes
Primary screening test used (2021):	cytology
Target age range of programme (2021):	35-64 years
Programme/guidelines exist to strengthen early detection	
of first symptoms at primary health care level (2021):	Yes
Clearly defined referral system exists from primary care	
to secondary and tertiary care (2021):	Yes

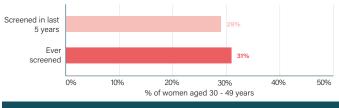
Treatment and Supportive Care

National guidelines on cervical cancer management	
exist (2021):	Yes

Cancer diagnosis generally availabl

Cancer centre or cancer department at tertiary level:	Yes
Pathology services (laboratories):	Yes
Cancer surgery:	Yes
Chemotherapy:	Yes
Radiotherapy:	Yes

Screening for cervical cancer (2019)



2 in 10 women have been screened for cervical cancer in the last 5 years

Number of radiotherapy units per 10 000 cancer patients (2021):	4
Number of brachytherapy units per 10 000 cancer patients (2021):	<1

edical staff ancer patients):

Radiation oncologists (2019):	ND
Medical physicists (2019):	5
Surgeons (2012):	684
Radiologists (2019):	282
Nuclear medicine physicians (2019):	7

Palliative care for patients with NCDs in the public health system generally available (2021):

In primary health care facilities:	No
In community or home-based care:	No

Reported annual opioid consumption excluding methadone - in oral morphine equivalence per capita (2017): 2mg

WHO Cervical Cancer Elimination Strategy Targets for 2030

90% of girls fully vaccinated with the HPV vaccine by the age of 15

70% of women are screened with a high-performance test by 35 years of age and again by 45 years of age

90% of women identified with cervical disease receive treatment

ND = data not available

 Programme coverage: % of national target population (among 9-14-year-old girls)
Coverage by age 15: % of population turning 15 that have been vaccinated against HPV at any time between ages 9 to 14

See Explanatory Notes for indicator descriptions.

**Data refer to tobacco smoking only, in absence of sufficient data on all tobacco use

World Health Organization - Cervical Cancer Country Profiles, 2021

	tes	
and treatment services		Number of me
le (2021):		(per 10 000 ca
cer department at tertiary level:	Yes	Radiation oncolo
aboratories):	Yes	Medical physicis
	Yes	Surgeons (2012):
	Yes	Radiologists (201
	Yes	Nuclear medicin