SRI LANKA
CERVICAL CANCER PROFILE

Morbidity and Mortality
Crude cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 women (2020): 12.6
Age-standardized cervical cancer incidence per 100,000 women (2020): 9.2
Cumulative risk of cervical cancer, ages 0-74 (2020): 1.0%
Cervical cancer deaths (2019): 760
Cervical cancer mortality-to-incidence ratio (2020): 0.55
Population-based cancer registry exists (2021): Yes

Primary Prevention
HPV vaccination programme coverage among girls (2020)
Programme coverage
Coverage by age 15†

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of target population</th>
<th>no data</th>
<th>0%</th>
<th>20%</th>
<th>40%</th>
<th>60%</th>
<th>80%</th>
<th>100%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>first dose</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>final dose</td>
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5 in 10 girls in the primary target cohort in 2020 have received their final HPV vaccination dose

HPV vaccination programme (2020):
HPV included in national vaccination programme: Yes
Scale of vaccination programme: National
Year of introduction: 2017
Primary target cohort: 10-11 years

Related risk factors:
Tobacco use prevalence, women aged 15+ years (2020): 3%
Condom use at last high-risk sex (-): ND
HIV incidence per 1000, women aged 15+ years (2020): <0.01

Secondary Prevention
National screening programme for cervical cancer exists (2021): Yes
Primary screening test used (2021): cytology
Target age range of programme (2021): 35-45 years
Programme/guidelines exist to strengthen early detection of first symptoms at primary health care level (2021): Yes
Clearly defined referral system exists from primary care to secondary and tertiary care (2021): Yes

Screening for cervical cancer (2019)
Screened in last 5 years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>% of women aged 30-49 years</th>
<th>0%</th>
<th>10%</th>
<th>20%</th>
<th>30%</th>
<th>40%</th>
<th>50%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ever screened</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>24%</td>
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</table>

2 in 10 women have been screened for cervical cancer in the last 5 years

Treatment and Supportive Care
National guidelines on cervical cancer management exist (2021): Yes

Cancer diagnosis and treatment services generally available (2021):
Cancer centre or cancer department at tertiary level: Yes
Pathology services (laboratories): Yes
Cancer surgery: Yes
Chemotherapy: Yes
Radiotherapy: Yes

Palliative care for patients with NCDs in the public health system generally available (2021):
In primary health care facilities: No
In community or home-based care: Yes

Number of radiotherapy units per 10,000 cancer patients (2021): 6
Number of brachytherapy units per 10,000 cancer patients (2021): 1

WHO Cervical Cancer Elimination Strategy Targets for 2030
90% of girls fully vaccinated with the HPV vaccine by the age of 15
70% of women are screened with a high-performance test by 35 years of age and again by 45 years of age
90% of women identified with cervical disease receive treatment

ND = data not available
* Programme coverage: % of national target population (among 9-14-year-old girls)
† Coverage by age 15: % of population turning 15 that have been vaccinated against HPV at any time between ages 9 to 14
See Explanatory Notes for indicator descriptions.